

V. Population Data and Vital Statistics Rates

Every 10 years (years ending in zero), the U.S. Bureau of the Census counts the United States population, which includes a profile of the population's characteristics such as age, race and sex. After a census year, estimates of population size and composition are based on knowledge of the population in the census year plus subsequent events such as births, deaths and migration.

In the latter years of a decade, estimates may depart considerably from "true" population values to the extent that assumptions, particularly about in- and out-migration,

depart from what has actually occurred. Thus, vital statistics rates that are based on population counts in the denominator may be subject to some degree of error.

Population denominators for these rates were provided by the Population Estimates Program of the U.S. Census Bureau in collaboration with the National Center for Health Statistics. Postcensal Vintage 2017 bridged population estimates were used for the 2017 rates. For the five year rates, a combination of bridged estimates were used based on the 2013–17 postcensal estimates.