

**Table 14: 2020 Top Ten Cancer Incidence and Mortality Sites by Race and Ethnicity**

Non-Hispanic Whites					
	Incidence			Mortality	
	Cases	Rate		Deaths	Rate
Female Breast	7,992	171.1	Lung and Bronchus	3,987	39.6
Prostate	5,083	102.6	Prostate	753	19.2
Lung and Bronchus	6,237	61.0	Female Breast	975	18.9
Melanoma (Skin)	2,887	32.0	Colon and Rectum	1,172	12.7
Colon and Rectum	2,863	31.7	Pancreas	1,109	11.2
Corpus Uteri	1,307	26.0	Liver	689	6.8
Urinary Bladder	2,017	20.1	Leukemia	582	6.3
Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma	1,761	19.0	Ovary	292	5.5
Kidney	1,715	18.3	Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma	507	5.3
Leukemia	1,288	14.8	Brain and Other CNS	414	4.6

Non-Hispanic Blacks					
	Incidence			Mortality	
	Cases	Rate		Deaths	Rate
Prostate	2,136	182.7	Prostate	295	37.2
Female Breast	2,358	172.8	Lung and Bronchus	858	35.5
Lung and Bronchus	1,397	56.4	Female Breast	364	27.5
Colon and Rectum	861	35.8	Colon and Rectum	349	15.0
Corpus Uteri	429	28.6	Pancreas	346	14.5
Kidney	506	20.2	Corpus Uteri	151	10.7
Pancreas	393	16.6	Liver	192	7.3
Multiple Myeloma	342	14.3	Multiple Myeloma	134	6.0
Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma	279	11.8	Ovary	73	5.5
Urinary Bladder	247	10.7	Stomach	110	4.9

Rates are per 100,000 persons and are age-adjusted to the 2000 U.S. Census.

Cancers of the urinary bladder and female breast include in situ cases.

Brain and other central nervous system cancer excludes benign cases.

\*\*Cancer incidence rates for cell sizes with fewer than 16 cases of cancer and cancer mortality rates based on any cancer deaths less than 16 are suppressed as they are not stable.

Rates are calculated using vintage 2021 non-bridged population estimates, based on the 2020 Census.

Hispanic ethnicity is independent of race. Hispanic ethnicity is determined by self-report and the National Hispanic Identification Algorithm available online at [www.naaccr.org/LinkClick.aspx?fileticket=iTvqgzLrx8I%3d&tabid=118&mid=458](http://www.naaccr.org/LinkClick.aspx?fileticket=iTvqgzLrx8I%3d&tabid=118&mid=458).

Approximately 17 percent of patients of American Indian race are reported as a different race. Therefore, cancer incidence for American Indians is assumed to be underestimated (Yankaskas BC, Knight K, Fleg A, Rao, C. Misclassification of American Indian Race in State Cancer Data among Non-federally Recognized Indians in North Carolina. *Journal of Registry Management*. 2009;36(1):7-11.).

**Table 14 (continued): 2020 Top Ten Cancer Incidence and Mortality Sites by Race and Ethnicity**

**Non-Hispanic Other Races**

	Incidence			Mortality	
	Cases	Rate		Deaths	Rate
Prostate	386	212.6	Lung and Bronchus	105	28.9
Female Breast	386	165.0	Liver	36	9.9
Lung and Bronchus	177	47.3	Female Breast	22	9.7
Colon and Rectum	173	40.0	Prostate	13	**
Melanoma (Skin)	131	31.1	Pancreas	26	7.4
Corpus Uteri	72	29.7	Colon and Rectum	21	5.4
Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma	95	23.4	Leukemia	19	5.0
Endocrine	95	20.2	Corpus Uteri	10	**
Urinary Bladder	66	17.9	Stomach	17	4.7
Liver	69	17.1	Ovary	9	**

**Hispanics**

	Incidence			Mortality	
	Cases	Rate		Deaths	Rate
Female Breast	174	57.8	Prostate	20	14.8
Prostate	80	36.3	Lung and Bronchus	45	11.7
Colon and Rectum	66	13.6	Female Breast	24	8.8
Lung and Bronchus	55	12.0	Colon and Rectum	34	8.6
Corpus Uteri	31	10.0	Liver	33	7.5
Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma	41	7.4	Pancreas	30	7.4
Kidney	35	6.9	Stomach	29	5.9
Liver	33	6.9	Cervix Uteri	10	**
Urinary Bladder	20	5.9	Corpus Uteri	10	**
Cervix Uteri	23	5.8	Leukemia	11	**

Rates are per 100,000 persons and are age-adjusted to the 2000 U.S. Census.

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\*\*Cancer incidence rates for cell sizes with fewer than 16 cases of cancer and cancer mortality rates based on any cancer deaths less than 16 are suppressed as they are not stable.

Rates are calculated using vintage 2021 non-bridged population estimates, based on the 2020 Census.

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Approximately 17 percent of patients of American Indian race are reported as a different race. Therefore, cancer incidence for American Indians is assumed to be underestimated (Yankaskas BC, Knight K, Fleg A, Rao, C. Misclassification of American Indian Race in State Cancer Data among Non-federally Recognized Indians in North Carolina. *Journal of Registry Management*. 2009;36(1):7-11.).